ECONOMICS (030) CLASS – XII (2022-23)

Theory: 80 Marks Project: 20 Marks

Units		Marks
Part A	Introductory Macroeconomics	
	National Income and Related Aggregates	10
	Money and Banking	6
	Determination of Income and Employment	12
	Government Budget and the Economy	6
	Balance of Payments	6
		40
Part B	Indian Economic Development	
	Development Experience (1947-90) and Economic Reforms since 1991	12
	Current Challenges facing Indian Economy	22
	Development Experience of India – A Comparison with Neighbours	06
	Theory Paper (40+40 = 80 Marks)	40
Part C	Project Work	20

KENDRIYA VIDYALAYA BALLYGUNGE, KOLKATA REGION MONTH WISE SPLIT – UP SYLLABUS 2022-23

(This is as per the Revised Syllabus issued by CBSE for the session 2022-23)

CLASS - XII

SUBJECT- ECONOMICS (030)

MONTH	UNIT	DETAILED SPLIT UP	EXPECTED NO. OF
IVIONIA	ONII	DETAILED SPLIT OF	WORKING DAYS
APRIL	Unit: Government Budget and the Economy	Government budget – meaning, objectives and components. Classification of receipts – revenue receipts and capital receipts; classification of expenditure – revenue expenditure and capital expenditure. Measures of government deficit – revenue deficit, fiscal deficit, primary deficit their meaning.	25
	Unit : Money and Banking	Money – meaning and supply of money – Currency held by the public and net demand deposits held by commercial banks. Money creation by the commercial banking system. Central bank and its functions (example of the Reserve Bank of India): Bank of issue, Govt. Bank, Banker's Bank, Control of Credit	
MAY	UNIT: National Income and Related Aggregates	What is Macroeconomics? Basic concepts in macroeconomics: consumption goods, capital goods, final goods, intermediate goods; stocks and flows; gross investment and depreciation. Circular flow of income (two-sector model);	07
JUNE	UNIT: National Income and Related Aggregates	Methods of calculating National Income – Value Added or Product method, Expenditure method, Income method. Aggregates related to National Income: Gross National Product (GNP), Net National Product (NNP), Gross and Net Domestic Product (GDP and NDP) – at market price, at factor cost; Real and Nominal GDP. GDP and Welfare.	23
JULY	Unit: Determination of Income and Employment	Aggregate demand and its components. Propensity to consume and propensity to save (average and marginal). Short-run equilibrium output. Investment multiplier and its mechanism. Meaning of full employment and involuntary unemployment. Problems of excess demand and deficient demand; measures to correct them - changes in government spending, taxes and money supply through bank rate, CRR, SLR, Repo & Reverse Repo rate, Open market operations, Margin requirement.	30

AUGUST	Unit : Balance of Payments	Balance of payments account – meaning and components; Balance of payments – surplus and deficit	35
		Foreign exchange rate – meaning of fixed and flexible rates and managed floating. Determination of exchange rate in a free market. Merits and demerits of fixed and flexible exchange rate.	
	Part- B Unit 6: Development Experience (1947-90) and	A brief introduction of the state of Indian economy on the eve of independence. Common goals of Five Year Plans. Main features, problems and policies of agriculture (institutional aspects and new agricultural strategy), industry (IPR 1956; SSI- Role & Importance.) and foreign trade.	
	Economic Reforms since 1991 Project in Economics	Features and appraisals of liberalisation, globalisation and privatisation (LPG policy); Concepts of demonetization and GST	
		Commencement of Project Work	
SEPTEMBER	Unit 7: Current challenges facing Indian Economy	Human Capital Formation: How people become resource; Role of human capital in economic development; Growth of Education sector in India Rural development: Key issues – credit and marketing – role of cooperatives; agricultural diversification; alternative farming – organic farming Employment: Growth & changes in work force participation rate in formal and informal sectors; problems and policies.	30
		Monitoring of Project Work	
OCTOBER	Unit 7: Current challenges facing Indian Economy	Employment contd. Sustainable Economic Development: Meaning, Effects of Economic Development on Resources and Environment, including global warming.	10
		Monitoring of Project Work	
NOVEMBER	Unit : Development Experience of	A comparison with neighbours India and Pakistan India and China	10 + 15
	India	Issues: economic growth, population, sectoral development and other Human development indicators	
		REVISION Monitoring of Project Work	
DECEMBER		REVISION	
		Completion of Project Work	

JANUARY	REVISION	
FEBRUARY	REVISION	
	AISSCE PRACTICAL 2023 (Tentative)	